# Safety Data Sheet

No: L009 CPC E.P. Grease 0 \ 1 \ 2 Ver. 4.3

#### I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**CHEMICAL Name:** CPC E.P. Grease 0 \ 1 \ 2

OTHER NAME:==

Product Code: LB80300 \ LB80301 \ LB80302

Manufacturer Name: Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan

Address:

6F, 15, Cheng-Kung 2nd RD, Chen-Zerng District, Kaohsiung, 806, Taiwan, R.O.C.

**Telephone Number:** 886-7-5361510

Emergency Telephone Number: 886-5-2224171 Ext. 6666 \( \cdot 5555 \) or 7103

Fax Number: 886-5-2232062

#### II. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**NFPA Ratings (Scale 0-4):** NFPA Fire=1

The Most Important Hazardous Effects:

1. Adverse Human Health Effects:

(For Long Term Exposure)

- Eye Contact: irritation.
- Skin Contact: skin disorders.
- Inhalation: Inhalation is unlikely at room temperature unless heating the substance.
- Ingestion: no information is available.
- 2. Environmental Effects: no information is available.
- 3. Physical and Chemical Hazards: Mist or vapors can produce at elevated temperatures.
- 4. Specific Hazards: no information on significant adverse effects.

# Main Symptoms:

- Eye Contact: irritation.
- Skin Contact: no information is available.
- Inhalation :no information on significant adverse effects.
- Ingestion: digestive disorders.

#### III. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENT

#### 1. CHEMICAL Product Identification:

Chemical Family: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Chemical Formula: Mixture

Trade Name/Synonym: Not assigned

2. Component:

 Ingredients CAS Number
 % by vol.

 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic Acid CAS NO.106-14-9
 7.0%~8.0%

 HCO HYDROGENATED CASTOR OIL CAS NO.8001-78-3
 2.5%~3.0%

 Lithium hydroxide monohydrate CAS NO.1310-66-03
 1.5%~2.0%

 Heavy Naphthenic Distillate) 64742-52-5
 60.0%~65.0%

 Bright Stock 64742-57-0
 20.0~25.0%

#### IV. FIRST AID MEASURE

# Emergency Procedures:

• Inhalation:

Remove personnel from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, giveoxygen. Ifbreathingceases, use a oxygen rescuer or similar device to perform artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

• Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry and shoes immediately. Wash with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (at least  $15 \sim 20$  minutes). If irritation or adverse symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

• Eye Contact:

Flush eyes immediately with running water for at least fifteenminutes,occasionally lifting upper and lower lids, until noevidence of chemicalremains. Get medicalattention immediately.

• Digestion:

If swallowed ,do not induce vomiting. if conscious ,give  $1\sim2$  water to drink . If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get medicalattention immediately.

Protection of First-aider: no information is available.

Notes to Physician: no information is available.

#### V. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular Foam. Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.

**Specific Hazards:** combustion conditions, oxides of the following elements will formed: carbon dioxide, water, sulfur, nitric oxide. Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide and other

harmful products.

# Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

- 1. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment stay upwind.
- 2. Move container from fire area and shut off source if it can be done without risk.
- 3. Cool containers with water spray until well after the fire is out.
- 4. Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.
- 5. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.
- 6. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products.

#### VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal Precautions:

- 1. Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.
- 2. Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
- 3. Reduce vapors with water spray.

#### Environmental Precautions:

- 1. Eliminate all open flame in vicinity of spill or released vapor.
- 2. Stop the source of the leak or release.
- 3. Clean up releases as soon as possible.
- 4. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface wateror groundwater.

#### Methods for Cleaning Up:

- 1. Clean up small spills using sand or other non-combustible material.
- 2. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal.
- 3. Wherefeasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil.
- 4. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

#### VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Handling:

- 1. Wear protective equipment, if exposure conditions warrant.
- 2. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- 3. Use with adequate ventilation.
- 4. Handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

#### Storage:

- 1. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames.
- 2. Store in well-ventilated area.
- 3. Store in a tightly closed container.
- 4. Store in a cool, dry place.
- 5. Bond and ground during transfer.
- 6. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

7. Storage in accordance with all current regulations and standards.

# VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Engineering Control:

Provide local exhaust ventilation system. Ensure compliance withapplicable exposure limits.

#### Control Parameter:

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL	TWA	STEL	CEILING
Mineral Oil Mist	ACGIH: 5 mg/m³ NIOSH: 5 mg/m³ OSHA: 5 mg/m³	NIOSH: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup> UK OES: 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

# Personal Protection Equipment:

• Respiratory Protection:

Not generally required unless needed to preventrespiratoryirritation. In case of spill or leak resulting inunknownconcentration, use NOISH approved suppliedairrespirator.

• Hand Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

• Eye Protection:

Wear splash resistant safety gogglesorface shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

• Skin and Body Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Remove any chemical soaked clothing immediately.

#### IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: liquid or solid	Form:brown high viscous liquid or solid	
Color: deep green	Odor: no special odor	
PH: Not available	Boiling Range: No data	
Decomposition Temperature: No data	Flash Point:>250°C Test Method: Open Cup	
Autoignition Temperature: No data	Flammable Limits: Notavailable	
Vapor Pressure: Not available	Vapor Density: Notavailable	
Specific Gravity:0.91-0.92 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @15.6°C	Solubility: insoluble in water	

# X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possible Hazardous Reactions: Will not polymerize.

#### Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, flames, spark and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact within compatible material.

Materials to Avoid: acid. strong oxidizing agents.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products:

oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbons and sulfide formed when burned.

#### XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Acute Toxicity:

• Inhalation:

Mists or sprays of insoluble oils are not harmful to the respiratory tract, although worker discomfort may occur at oil mist level of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

• Skin Contact:

May cause hair follicules, comedomes, perifollicular papules and pustules. Some individuals may develop a skin sensitivity to petroleum products.

• Eye Contact:

Found to be moderately irritating to rabbit eyes.

• Ingestion:

Mineral oils may cause gastrointestinal disturbance such as diarrhea.

Local Effect: No data available.

**Sensitization:** No data available.

#### Chronic Toxicity:

• Inhalation:

Repeated or prolonged contact with oils may cause fibrotic nodules, lipoid pneumonia, and lipid granuloma.

• Skin Contact:

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting of the skin which may result in dermatitis and effect as detailed in acute exposure.

- Eye Contact: Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause conjunctivitis.
- Ingestion: No data available.

Specific Effects: No data available.

#### XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Mobility: No data available.

#### XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Subject to disposal regulations:

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### XIV. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- 1.Marine transportation allowed.
- 2.Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code.
- 3. Not restricted under IATA Regulations.

# XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Suitable Regulations:

1. U.S. Regulations:

TSCA Inventory Status: Y

SARA Hazard Categories, SARA Sections 311/312(40 CFR 370.21):

Acute: N
Chronic: N
Fire: N
Reactive: N

OSHA Process Safety(29 CFR 1910.119): N

2. State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: N

3. European Regulations: EC Number: Not assigned

# XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

Reference Literatures	1.OHS 15037 2.OHS 11250 3.OHS 73595
Made By	Lubricants Business Division, CPC Corporation, Taiwan

	Title: OHS Engineer	Name: Fong-Wu Chen
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